

① PESACH

The first 5 letters can be a combination of $6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 = 720$

The final letter can only be one letter because all the others have been used

② The roll has 6 edges, probability of rolling a six when the die is rolled once is $\frac{1}{6}$

When rolled 4 times, each time has a probability of $\frac{1}{6}$

$$\text{Probability} = \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{1296}$$

3. Probability of landing a '5' in a single roll = $\frac{1}{6}$

$$\text{of consecutive times} = \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{1296}$$

$$\text{Probability of not getting a 5} = 1 - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{5}{6} = \frac{1245}{1296}$$

4. Consultant fees = 10000

$$\text{Income} = 40000$$

$$\text{Chance of winning} = 30\%$$

$$\text{Expect gain} = 40000 - 10000 = 30000$$

$$\text{Probability of winning} = 0.3, \therefore \text{Expected gain} = 30000 \times 0.3 = 9000$$

5. A heart - wins \$10

Queen of spades - wins \$15

Spade lose \$5

probability of picking a heart = $\frac{13}{52}$ because there are 13 hearts in a pack

Probability of picking a queen of spades = $\frac{1}{52}$ because it is only one

Probability of picking a losing spade = $\frac{12}{52}$ because one is a

$$\text{winning card} = \frac{3}{13}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Value of this card game} &= 10 \times \frac{13}{52} + 15 \times \frac{1}{52} - 5 \times \frac{3}{13} = \$ 1.6346 \\ &= \$ 1.63 \end{aligned}$$